

13.47 In the network in Fig. P13.47, the switch opens at $t = 0$. Use Laplace transforms to find $i_L(t)$ for $t > 0$.

PSV

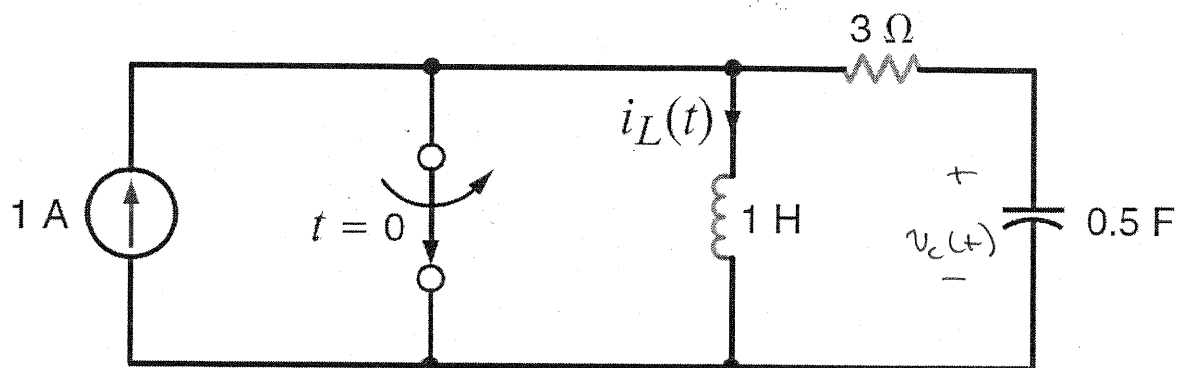


Figure P13.47

SOLUTION:

$t = 0^-$
 $i_L(0^-) = 0$
 $v_C(0^-) = 0$

$t = 0^+$

$i_L = i_1 - i_2$
 $i_2 = 1 - i_L$

$$3i_2 + 2 \int i_2 dt - \frac{di_L}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow 3(1 - i_L) + 2 \int dt - 2 \int i_L dt - \frac{di_L}{dt} = 0$$

$$3 - 3I_L(s) + \frac{2}{s} - 2 \frac{I_L(s)}{s} - s I_L(s) = 0$$

$$I_L(s) [s^2 + 3s + 2] = 3s + 2 \Rightarrow I_L(s) = \frac{3s + 2}{(s + 1)(s + 2)} = \frac{k_1}{s + 1} + \frac{k_2}{s + 2}$$

$k_1 = -1$ $k_2 = 4$

$$i_L(t) = [4e^{-2t} - e^{-t}]u(t)$$